

# “THz Electronics for the 21st Century”



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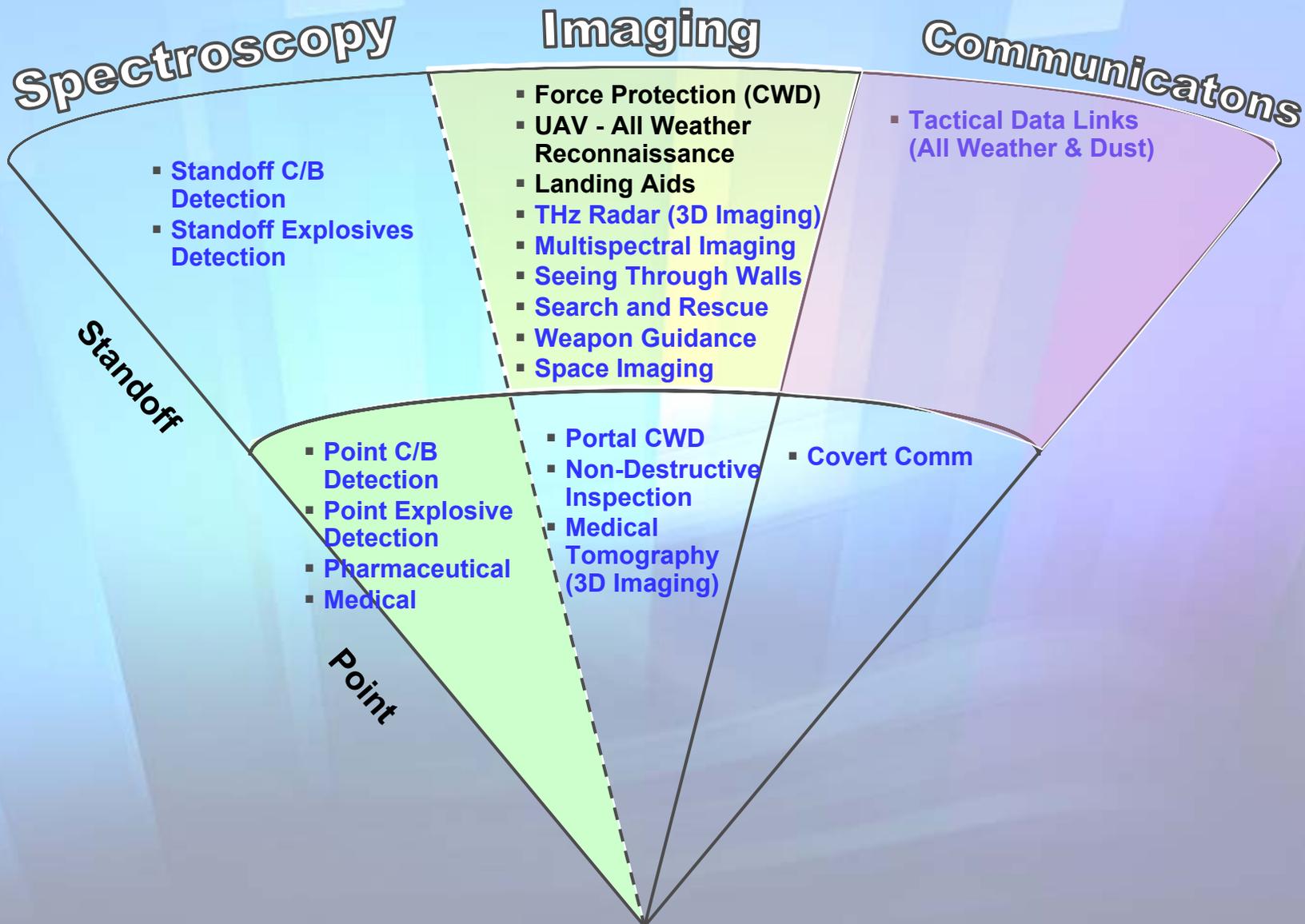


# Questions



- 1. What are two or three important THz system applications that you see arising?**
- 2. What are the critical component developments needed in the next 3 years, 5 years and 10 years to enable these applications?**
- 3. What do you see as the critical challenges in the development of THz systems?**
  - Where does more work and/or investment need to be made?**
  - What are critical milestone gates?**
  - What are potential show stoppers for a particular technology or system?**

# What THz System Applications?



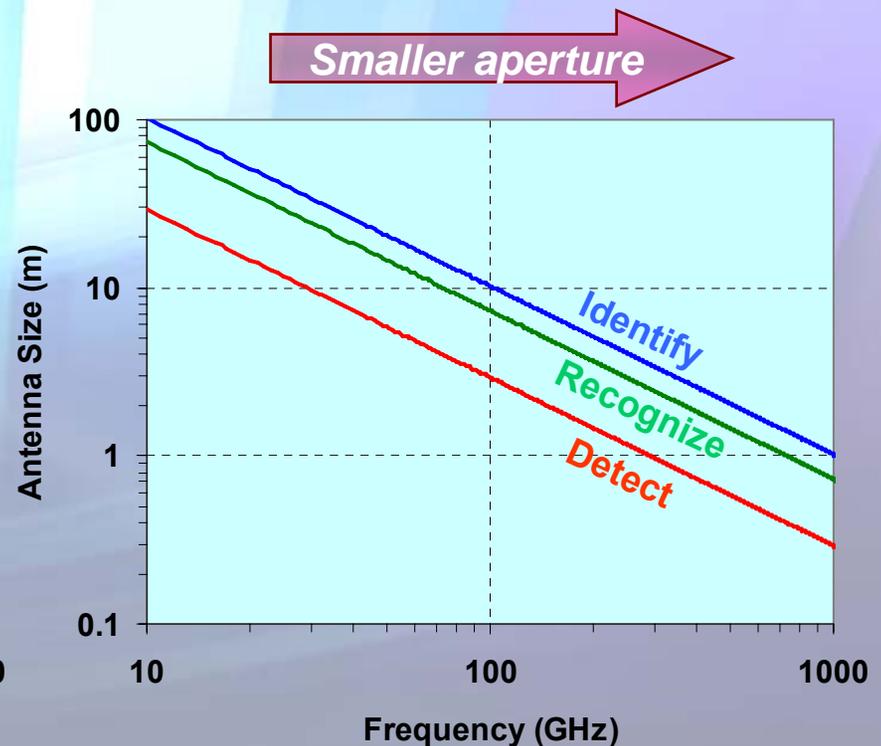
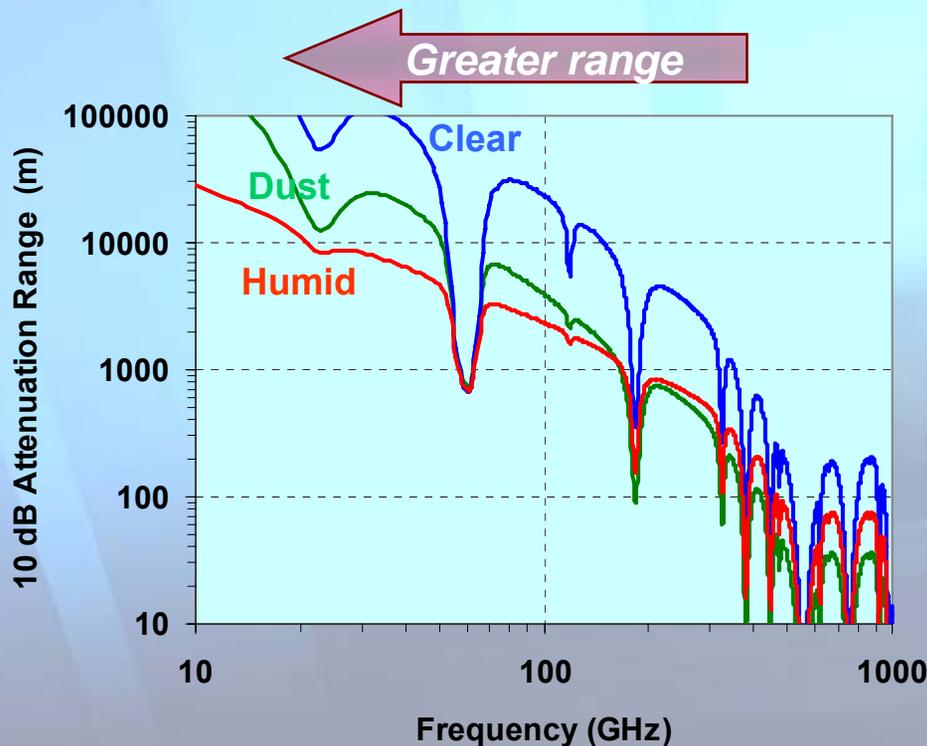
## "IR-Blind" Environments



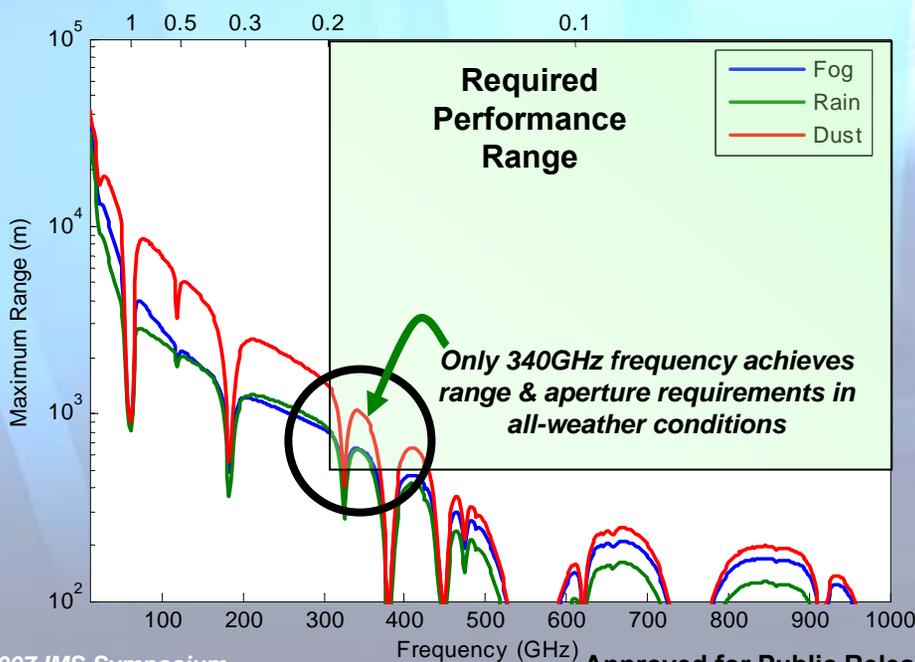
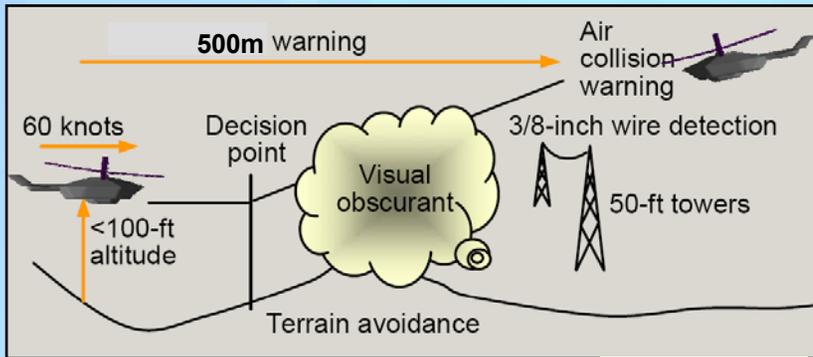
## Restricted Apertures



*Are there applications for which aperture and range requirements can be simultaneously satisfied only at THz frequencies?*



- Image terrain and other potential obstacles through all-weather conditions

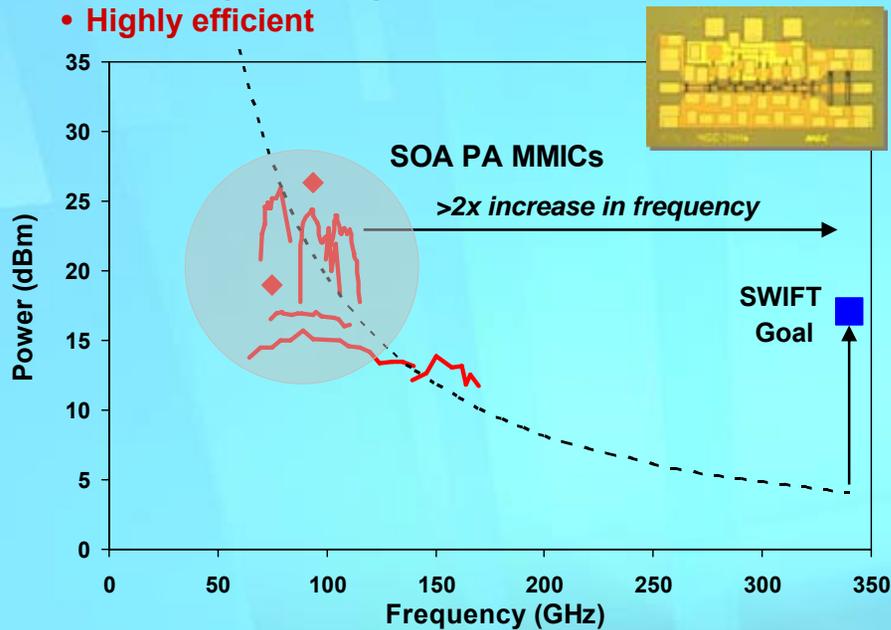


## Notional Requirements

- Aperture < platform radome (~0.2m)
- Range up to at least 0.5km
- Resolution = 2m at range
- Good image quality (SNR  $\geq$  8)
- Frame rate (30 Hz) set by pilot reaction time

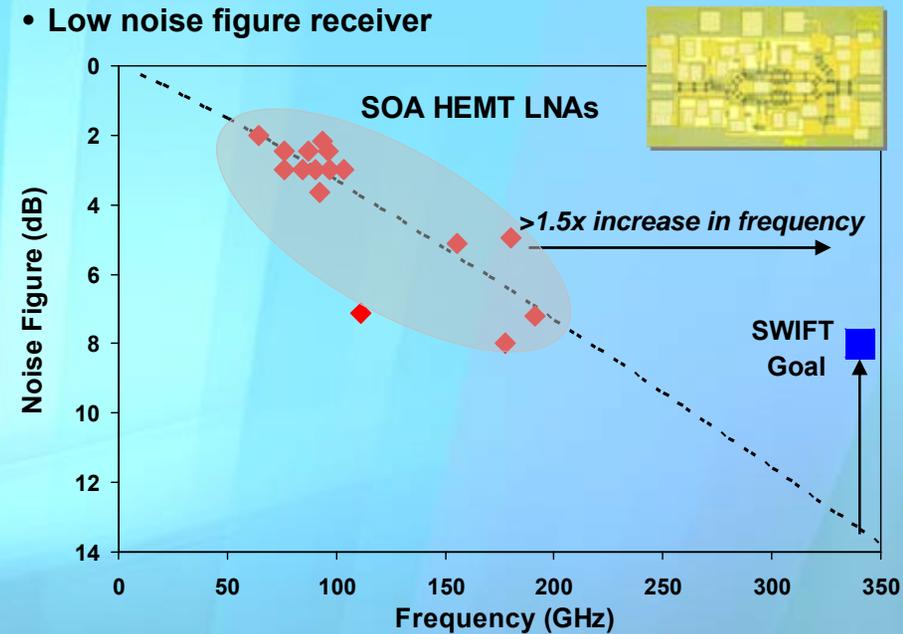
## Sub-MMW Sources

- Ultrafast power amplifier MMICs
- **Highly efficient**



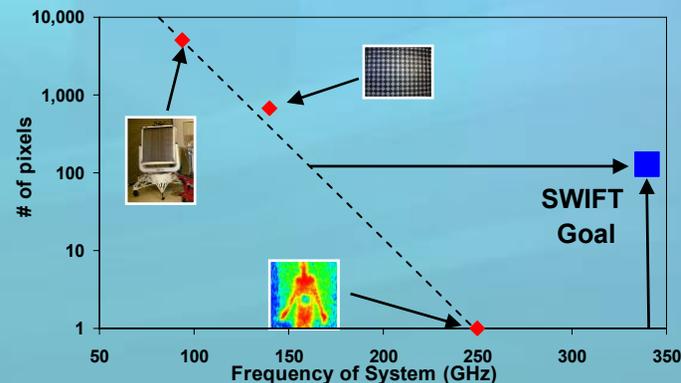
## Sub-MMW Receivers

- Ultrafast LNA MMICs and mixers
- Low noise figure receiver



## Imaging Array Architecture

- Minimization of LO power
- Low loss interconnects

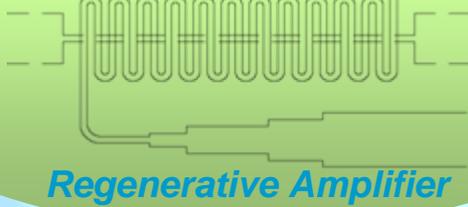


## Sources

- Increase available sub-MMW power by 100X (10 – 100 mW)
- Achieve 20X increase in efficiency (1%)

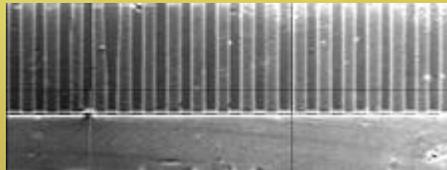
*Micromachined Vacuum Electronics*

**Northrop Grumman**



*Photonic Downconversion*

**Stanford**



*Cascaded OPO*

## Detectors

- Implement an array-integrable approach achieving at least 100X improvement in NEP' ( $1 \times 10^{-12}$  W/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )

*Direct Detectors*

**UC  
Santa  
Barbara**

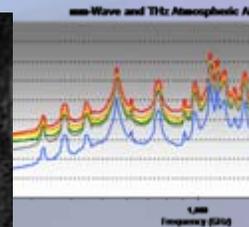


*ErAs Diodes*

## Phenomenology

- Define FPA requirements for TIFT imaging through IR-blind conditions

*THz transmission through materials/Atmosphere*

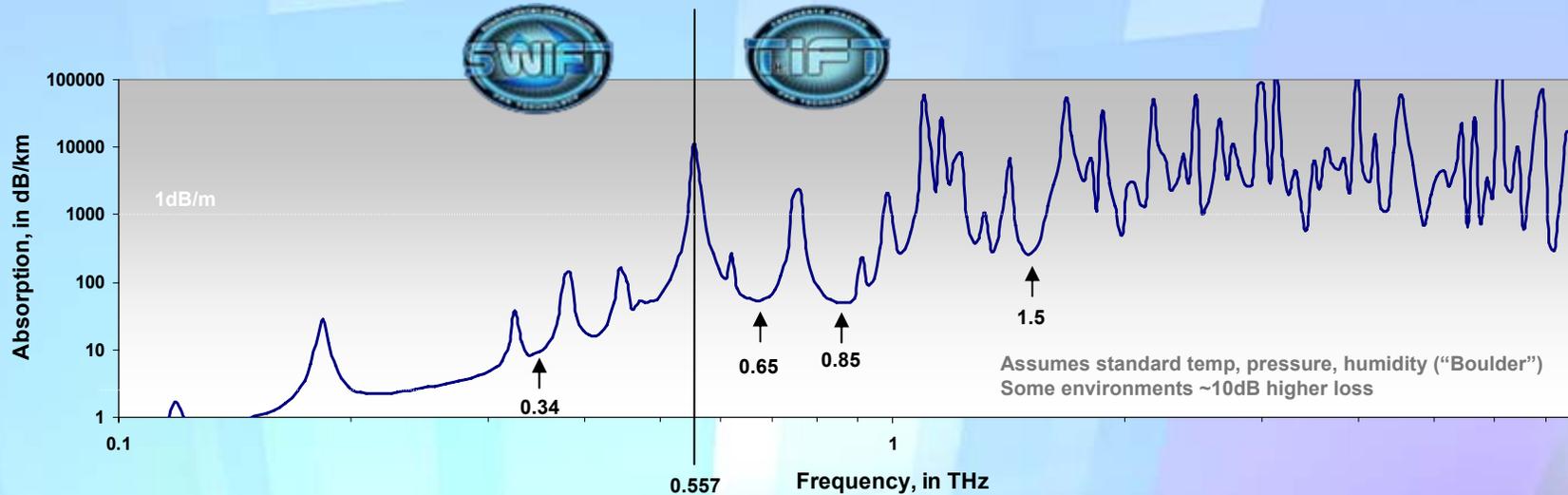


**NVESD**



*Spectral Features of Condensed Matter*

Phenomenology



Applications

Ranges up to 1 km

Ranges < 100m



Technologies

